Canadian Sovereign AI Compute Infrastructure Program SOI Post-Submission Town Hall

May 2025



The Opportunity



Al Sovereign Compute Infrastructure Program

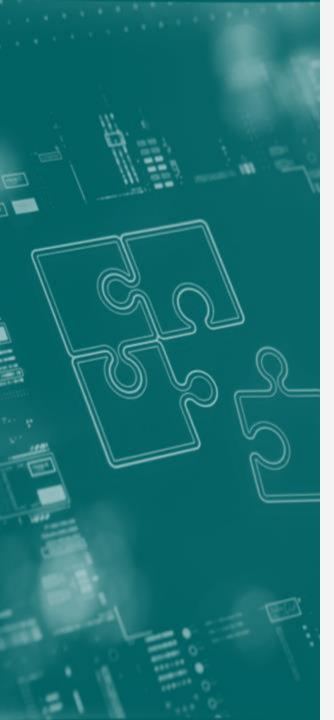
As a first step in the AI Sovereign Compute Infrastructure Program, the Government of Canada is inviting eligible proponents to submit non-binding Statements of Interest. Proposals should align with the program's objectives, as the AI compute needs of Canadian researchers and a cross section of industrial research and development (R&D), a encourage cross sector partnerships to drive technological advancement and innovation.

Following this phase, the Government of Canada will launch a full proposal phase which will further refine the progreguirements.

Eligibility

Eligible proponents include not-for-profit organizations, for-profit organizations, academic institutions, and consor





Context for the Request for SOIs

- This Statement of Interest (SOI) is the final component of ISED's \$2.4B Securing Canada's AI Advantage Strategy April 2024.
- More than half of the \$2.4B—about \$1.4B—is targeted to SMEs and industry for incentives, safety and workforce adaptation.
- An additional \$300M is targeted at rapid/urgent public compute needs.
- A total of \$705M is available for public sector AI compute through the AI Sovereign Compute Infrastructure Program (SCIP).
 - This component is open to all: "Eligible proponents include not-for-profit organizations, for-profit organizations, academic institutions, and consortia."
 - The objectives of the call align with the Alliance's goals and vision to enhance and expand compute, research data management, research software and talent to advance Canada's knowledge economy and drive economic and social impact.
 - Industry access is a prominent feature.

Timeline to our SOI Submission



Our National Engagement Process

Process

- Over 750 academic, industry and government leaders participated in 4 virtual town halls and 20+ executive briefings
- 1:1 engagement with major public/private proponents submitting an SOI
- Briefings with ISED leadership in Canada and in Germany
- National coordination among SOI submissions (public and private sector)

Results

- 125 expressions of interest to partner with the Alliance, including offers for financial (cash, equipment, etc.) and in-kind contributions (expertise, land, etc.)
- Community willingness to coordinate and share SOI approaches
- Consensus around a national, consolidated (non-fragmented) investment
- Confirmed ISED's desire for economic impact and industrial benefit





National Intelligence and Coordination on the SOI

Applicants

- Post Secondary Institutions: 5+ major SOI efforts
- Research Institutes: Discipline-specific efforts to advocate for specialized resources (compute, data management)
- Private Sector: Most entities going after AI Compute Challenge

Profile of Submissions

- Need for **national**, **scaled up and consolidated investment** in AI compute infrastructure
- Acknowledgement of Alliance role in providing **national services**
- Majority are pitches to position specific sites
 - o Not all sites have the prerequisite requirements (power, zoning, ownership)
- At least 4 core business models options with many different variations
 - o Private sector primarily pitching co-location or compute as a service model

Responding to Global & National Trends + Researcher Needs

International

- Prioritizing national approaches to AI infrastructure
- Leveraging AI for industry, supply chain resiliency and public benefit
- Global partnership and collaboration opportunities

National

- Fragmented infrastructure investments
- Lack of national data infrastructure
- Capacity crunch driving researchers to foreign owned systems

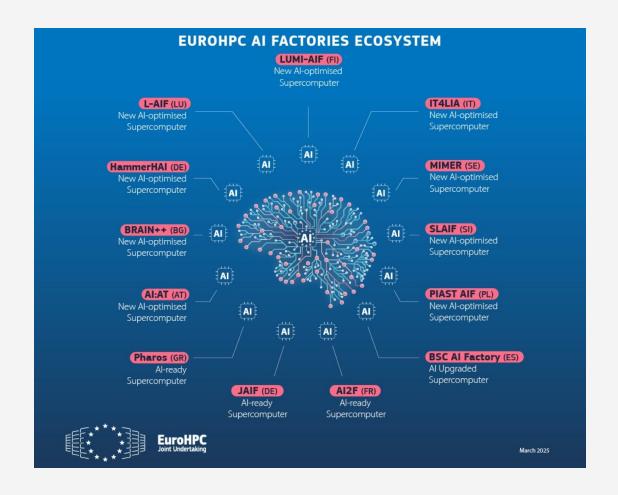
Researcher Needs

- Compute at scale
- Training, services and support
- Interoperability
- Consistent services, policy and implementation
- Flexibility for a wide range of user needs

Canada and European Union Alignment

Canada and increasing collaboration with European Union

- Sovereignty
- Geopolitical Factors
- Intellectual Property
- National Interest



Integration of Intelligence and Feedback into Alliance SOI Response



Demonstrate national leadership role in DRI



Setting expectations for public benefit and researcher requirements



Articulate complexity of digital sovereignty



Coordinating messaging with other SOI proponents



Plan beyond compute access for industry and researchers



Development of standardized evaluation considerations for ISED

Our Vision for Public Sovereign and Secure AI Compute Infrastructure

We will position Canada as a global leader in AI, support and protect Canadian research and enable scientific and industrial breakthroughs.

Our Core Principles

- ✓ Address lagging DRI investment
- **Meet** academic, government and industry research needs
- Beyond AI: HPC, wrap-around services and talent
- **Consolidate** scale-up compute
- Minimize Fragmentation: Our current model and funding cannot adequately support the future needs of researchers
- **Equitable national access** to researchers in Canada
- Align with global best practices
- Sustainable practices and technologies
- **Collaboration** across the country is critical

Defining Sovereign Compute in Canada

 Ability to maintain full control of Canada's AI infrastructure, data and technological capabilities. Ensure AI development serves national interest without external dependencies or influence and follows the following guiding principles:



Robust legal framework and operational safeguards



Reduced reliance on foreign entities controlling AI compute services



Strengthened Canadian innovation ecosystem, prioritizing made-in-Canada solutions



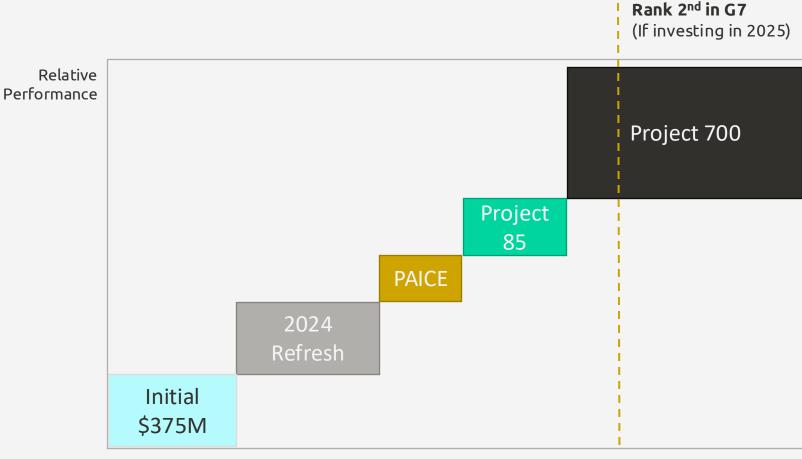
Canadian talent development

Defining Nationally Significant AI Compute Investment in Canada

 The Alliance will make investment decisions and recommendations that will position Canada within the top 25th percentile of G7 countries for compute.

• The AI Compute funding is additive to existing national compute capacity (host sites and PAICE site systems).

 Value-added services and data are important!



Our Proposed Approach



Al Compute & Canada's First Al Factory



National Data
Platform And
Unified AI
Foundational
Infrastructure



Al Infrastructure Testbed & Integrated Marketplace

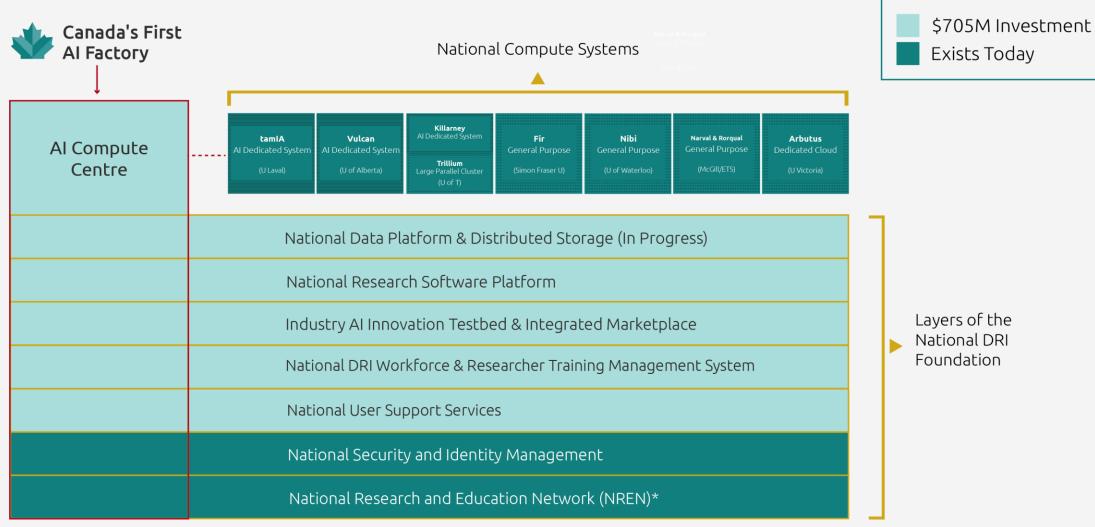


Al Workforce Development, Researcher Upskilling

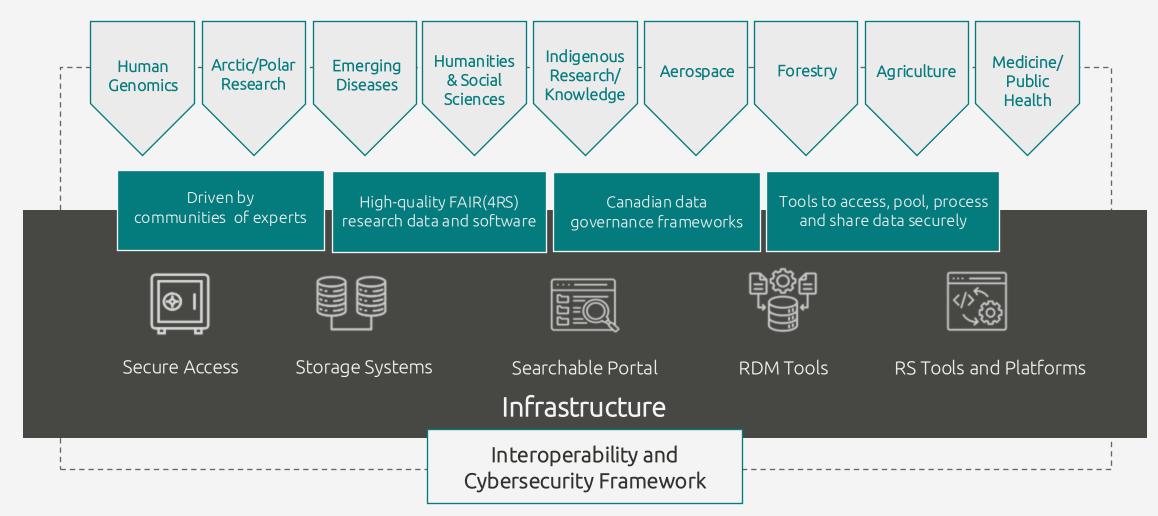


Economic Security & Investment Attraction

Canada's First Al Factory



National Data Spaces



Al Workforce Development



Labour Market Inventory and Advocacy for New Job Classifications

New job classifications will emerge from the growth of Canada's AI and DRI sector. We aspire to document and support a national labour market assessment to promote the industry and fill critical skills gaps.



Training Programs through Collaboration

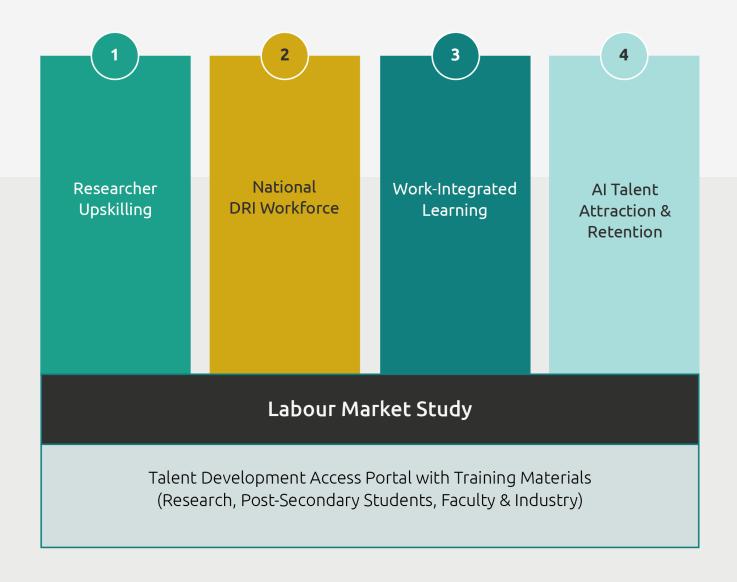
We aspire to work with our AI Institutes and academic institutions to develop and deliver world-class training programs.



Growing our Distributed Workforce and Canada's AI Talent

Canada's strength is our 200+ pan-Canadian workforce that supports DRI. We want to develop and grow this talent base across the country.

Strategic Talent Framework



Al Infrastructure Testbed & Integrated Marketplace Sovereignty Beyond Compute

- Industrial benefits extend beyond compute access
- Testing, incubation, and adoption of compute technologies important
- Growing domestic supply chains that could interoperate with stable trading partners

Requested services/partnerships through Alliance SOI

Technology Adoption – 22.3%

Technology Testing/Incubation – 21.2%

Program Development/Delivery – 21.2%

Technology Procurement – 10.6%

An Idea – 10.1%

Real Estate – 7.3% (i.e. leasing space or facilities)

Other – 7.3%

Economic Security & Resiliency

- Support across the technology readiness scale
- Provide infrastructure to complement existing industry support entities (IRAP, RDAs, Superclusters, etc.)

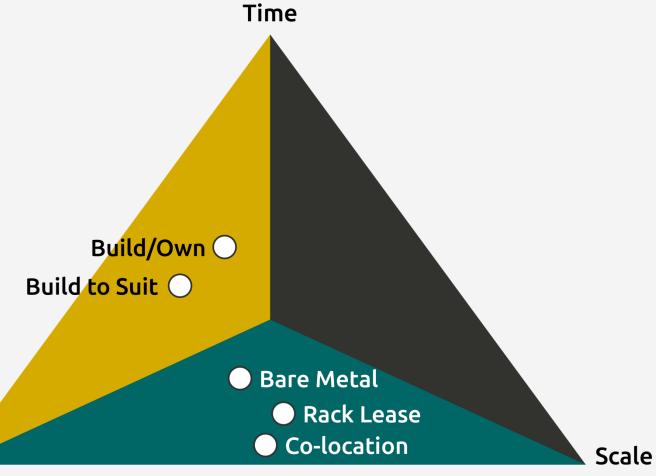


The Triple Constraints – Informing Federal Decision-Making

Cost

 Decisions are constrained by time, cost and scale factors

 What is the "right" decision for Canada now and in the long-term?



Dynamics of Public Benefit



The Triple Constraints – Building an Evaluation Model

Build and Own (CapEx Focused)

Build to Suit (OpEx Focused)

Co-Location (Private-Preferred)

Co-location Fees Compute as a Service (Cloud)

Real Estate Construction

Real Estate Construction

Compute Infrastructure Cost

Compute Infrastructure Cost

Compute Infrastructure Cost Cloud Credits/ Fees

Operating (Power, Cooling)

Operating + Lease (Power, Cooling)





Defining the National Interest



- NCI Australia: NFP; University Collaboration Model
- 2. FINLAND CSC: NFP Owned and Operated
- Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory:Government Owned and Operated
- 4. Other Models

Establish a set of criteria that meets the needs of Canadian researchers based on global best practices and best value to the taxpayer.

The \$705M Budget Scenarios

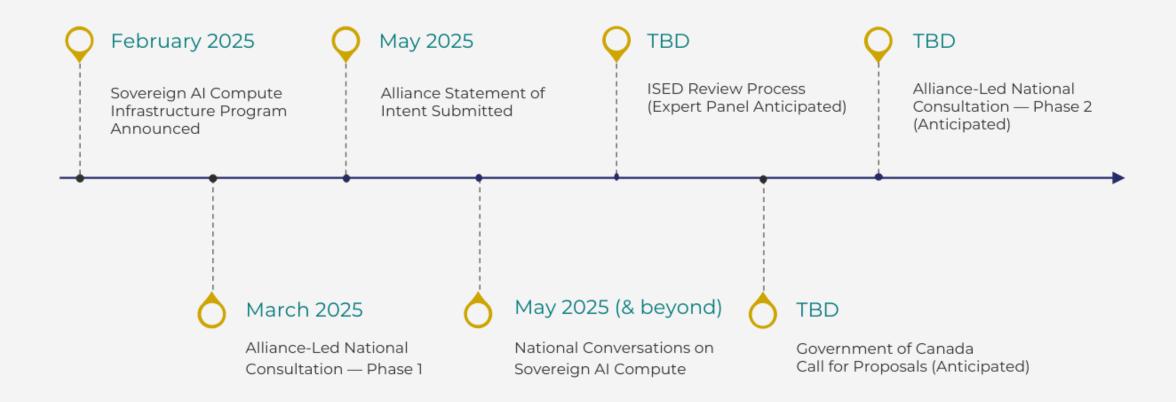
- Funding envelope is insufficient
- Ensure SOI meets federal policy objectives
- Maximizing funding for value-added services, not just compute hardware and infrastructure costs



Our Recommendations

- 1. Canada requires a comprehensive and consolidated investment in AI Compute.
- 2. Infrastructure and critical wrap-around services must be managed by a national public entity.
- 3. Alliance-developed evaluation framework proposed to assess SOIs.

Next Steps





Alliance de recherche numérique du Canada







